AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

- 1. (currently amended) A solid catalyst component for the polymerization of olefins comprising Mg, Ti, a halogen and an electron donor compound (ED) belonging to selected from ethers, esters, amines, ketones, or nitriles, characterized in that the wherein a molar ratio Mg/Ti is higher than 5, and the molar ratio ED/Ti is higher than 3.5.
- 2. (original) The solid catalyst component according to claim 1, in which the ED compound is selected from the group consisting of ethers, esters and ketones.
- 3. (original) The solid catalyst component according to claim 2, in which the ED compound is selected from the C2-C20 aliphatic ethers.
- 4. (original) The solid catalyst component according to claim 3, in which the ethers are cyclic ethers.
- 5. (original) The solid catalyst component according to claim 4, in which the cyclic ethers have 3-5 carbon atoms.
- 6. (original) The solid catalyst component according to claim 5, in which the cyclic ether is tetrahydrofurane.
- 7. (currently amended) The solid catalyst component according to claim 2, in which the ED compound is selected from the alkyl esters of C1-C20 aliphatic carboxylic acids.
- 8. (currently amended) The solid catalyst component according to claim 7, in which the ester isalkyl esters are selected from C1-C4 alkyl esters of aliphatic mono carboxylic acids.
- 9. (currently amended) The solid catalyst component according to claim 8, in which the <u>alkyl</u> ester is ethylacetate.
- 10. (original) The solid catalyst component according to claim 1, in which the ED/Ti molar ratio ranges from 3.7 to 40.
- 11. (currently amended) The solid catalyst component according to claim 410, in which the ED/Ti molar ratio ranges from 4.5 to 30.
- 12. (original) The solid catalyst component according to claim 1, in which the Mg/Ti molar ratio ranges from 7 to 120.
- 13. (original) The solid catalyst component according to claim 1, in which the Mg atoms derive from MgCl₂.
- 14. (original) The solid catalyst component according to claim 1, in which the titanium atoms

- derive from titanium tetrahalides or the compounds of formula $TiX_n(OR^1)_{4-n}$, where $0 \le n \le 3$, X is halogen and R is C_1 - C_{10} hydrocarbon group.
- 15. (currently amended) A catalyst for the polymerization of olefins comprising thea product obtained by contacting:
 - (a) a solid catalyst component according to anyone of the preceding claims comprising Mg, Ti, a halogen and an electron donor compound (ED) selected from ethers, esters, amines, ketones, or nitriles, wherein a molar ratio Mg/Ti is higher than 5, and a molar ratio ED/Ti is higher than 3.5;
 - (b) one or more at least one aluminum alkyl compounds compound and, optionally,
 - (c) an external electron donor compound.
- 16. (original) The catalyst according to claim 15, in which the aluminum alkyl compound is an Al trialkyl.
- 17. (original) The catalyst according to claim 15, in which the aluminum alkyl compound is an aluminum alkyl halide.
- 18. (currently amended) The catalyst according to claim 15, in which the aluminum alkyl compound is thea product obtained by mixing an Al trialkyl compound with an aluminumalkyl halide.
- 19. (original) The catalyst according to claim 15, in which the external electron donor compound is a C2-C20 aliphatic ether.
- 20. (currently amended) The catalyst according to claim 19, in which the <u>aliphatic</u> ether is tetrahydrofurane.
- 21. (currently amended) The catalyst according to claim 15, in which the external electron donor compound is a silicon compound of formula $R_a^5 R_b^6 Si(OR^7)_c$, where a is 0, <u>b is 1</u>, c is 3, R^6 is a branched alkyl or cycloalkyl group, optionally containing heteroatoms, and R^7 is methyl.
- 22. (original) The catalyst according to claim 15, which is obtained by pre-contacting the components (a), (b) and optionally (c) for a period of time ranging from 0.1 to 120 minutes at a temperature ranging from 0 to 90°C.
- 23. (original) The catalyst according to claim 22, in which the pre-contact is carried out of in the presence of small amounts of olefins, for a period of time ranging from 1 to 60 minutes, in a liquid diluent, at a temperature ranging from 20 to 70°C.
- 24. (currently amended) The catalyst according to claim 15, which is pre-polymerized with one or

- more olefins at least one olefin of formula CH₂=CHR, where R is H or a C1-C10 hydrocarbon group, up to forming amounts of polymer from about 0.1 up to about 1000 g per gram of solid catalyst component (a).
- 25. (currently amended) A process for the (co)polymerization of comprising (co)polymerizing olefins CH₂=CHR, wherein R is hydrogen or a hydrocarbon radical having 1-12 carbon atoms, carried out in the presence of a catalyst according to one or more of claims 15-24 comprising a product obtained by contacting:
 - (a) a solid catalyst component comprising Mg, Ti, a halogen and an electron donor compound (ED) selected from ethers, esters, amines, ketones, or nitriles, wherein a molar ratio Mg/Ti is higher than 5, and a molar ratio ED/Ti is higher than 3.5;
 - (b) at least one aluminum alkyl compound and, optionally,
 - (c) an external electron donor compound.
- 26. (original) The process according to claim 25, for the preparation of an ethylene/alpha olefin copolymer having a content of alpha olefin ranging from 0.1 to 20% by mol.
- 27. (currently amended) The process according to claim 26, characterized in that it is carried out in gas-phase.
- 28. (currently amended) The process according to claim 27, characterized in that it is carried out according to further comprising the following steps:
 - (i) contacting the catalyst components (a), (b) and optionally (c) for a period of time ranging from 0.1 to 120 minutes, at a temperature ranging from 0 to 90°C; optionally
 - (ii) pre-polymerizing with one or more olefins at least one olefin of formula CH₂=CHR, where R is H or a C1-C10 hydrocarbon group, up to forming amounts of polymer from about 0.1 up to about 1000 g per gram of solid catalyst component (a); and
 - (iii)polymerizing in the gas-phase ethylene, or mixtures thereof with α-olefins CH₂=CHR in which R is a hydrocarbon radical having 1-10 carbon atoms, in one or moreat least one fluidized or mechanically stirred bed reactors reactor, in the presence of the product coming from formed in steps (i) or (ii).